



Chemistry	Unit 1
Name:	Marks

Chemistry 9th Unit # 1**Q1. Circle the correct answer. 1x9=9**

- The third abundant gas found in the oceans is:
(a) carbon monoxide (b) oxygen (c) hydrogen (d) chlorine
- One amu (atomic mass unit) is equivalent to:
(a) 1.66×10^{-24} mg (b) 1.66×10^{-23} g (c) 1.66×10^{-24} g (d) 1.66×10^{-24} kg
- All of the followings are tri-atomic molecule except:
(a) H₂ (b) O₃ (c) H₂O (d) CO₂
- The mass of one molecule of water is:
(a) 18 amu (b) 18 g (c) 18 mg (d) 18 kg
- The number of protons in magnesium?
(a) 10 (b) 12 (c) 9 (d) 8
- Molar mass is usually expressed in grams. Which one of the following is molar mass of O₂ in amu
(a) 32 amu (b) 53.12×10^{-24} amu (c) 1.92×10^{-25} amu (d) 192.64×10^{-25} amu
- How many moles are equivalent to 8 grams of CO₂?
(a) 1.05 (b) 0.18 (c) 0.21 (d) 0.24
- Molar mass of nitric acid is:
(a) 63 g (b) 63 mg (c) 63 amu (d) 63 kg
- The valency of oxygen is:
(a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) 0

2. Give short answers to following. 2x8=16

- Give significance of chemical formulae.
- Differentiate b/w diatomic and triatomic molecules with examples.
- Define analytical and industrial chemistry.
- Differentiate b/w Atom and Ion.
- Calculate number of moles in 6g of water.
- Differentiate b/w molecular mass and formula mass.
- What is the molecular mass of nitric acid.
- Differentiate b/w homoatomic and heteroatomic molecules with examples?

3. Explain the following.

- differentiate b/w mixtures and compounds? (5)
- Calculate the number of moles, number of molecules and number of atoms present in 6 grams of water.

BEST OF LUCK...!